REGION 1

Coastal Wetlands Planning Protection & Restoration Act

27th Priority Project List











CWPPRA
RPT Meetings
 Presenters without factsheets MUST complete a PPL 27 Nomination Sign-Up Sheet for <u>each</u> project nominee (demo projects too).
 Presenters with factsheets, please give a factsheet each to Kaitlyn, Michelle & the minutes taker <u>before</u> your presentation.
 Limit project proposals to 5 minutes and Powerpoint presentations to 5 slides.
 Public comments on project proposals will be accepted orally during the RPT meetings and in writing by March 1, 2017.
 Limit comments/questions during meeting to PPL 27 subject proposals and processes.





	ojects per Basin termined by loss rates, the highest loss rates have the most projects)
4 E	Barataria
	Cerrebonne
•	Breton Sound
0	Pontchartrain
0	Iermentau
2 (Calcasieu/Sabine
	Seche/Vermilion
	tchafalaya
	loastwide
-	Total









CWPPRA	
PPL 27 Timeline	
 <u>Coastwide Electronic Vote, Mar. 7, 2017</u> 21 basin-project nominees, 1 coastwide nominee, and 6 demos selected 	
• <u>Technical Committee Mtg, Apr. 27, 2017, New</u>	
<u>Orleans</u> Selection of 10 candidates and up to 3 demos 	
 <u>Technical Committee Mtg, Dec. 7, 2017, Baton</u> <u>Rouge</u> 	
 <u>Nouge</u> Typically recommend up to 4 projects for Phase 1 funding 	
 <u>Task Force Mtg, Jan. 2018, New Orleans</u> 	
• Final Selection of projects for Phase 1 funding	R





Project Type	Project Name	Project Costs	Project No.
Hydrologic Restoration	Amite River Diversion Canal: Hydrologic restoration in the western Maurepas Swamp by gapping spoil banks along the Amite River Diversion Canal to eliminate impoundment and restore hydrologic exchange.	\$4M	001.HR.01
Marsh Creation	Hopedale Marsh Creation: Creation of approximately 550 acres of marsh in northern Breton Sound in the vicinity of Hopedale to create new wetland habitat, restore degraded marsh, and reduce wave erosion.	\$147M	001.MC.02
Marsh Creation	New Orleans East Landbridge Restoration (1st Period Increment): Creation of approximately 8,510 acres of marsh in the New Orleans East Landbridge to create new wetland habitat, restore degraded marsh, and reduce wave erosion.	\$473M	001.MC.05
Marsh Creation	New Orleans East Landbridge Restoration (2nd Period Increment): Creation of approximately 8,510 acres of marsh in the New Orleans East Landbridge to create new wetland habitat, restore degraded marsh, and reduce wave erosion.	\$1,890M	001.MC.05
Marsh Creation	Lake Borgne Marsh Creation-Component A: Creation of approximately 2,230 acres of marsh along the south shoreline of Lake Borgne near Proctors Point to create new wetland habitat, restore degraded marsh, and reduce wave erosion.	\$620M	001.MC.07a
Marsh Creation	Central Wetlands Marsh Creation-Component A: Creation of approximately 2,010 acres of marsh in Central Wetlands near Bayou Bienvenue to create new wetland habitat, restore degraded marsh, and reduce wave erosion.	\$234M	001.MC.08a
Marsh Creation	Biloxi Marsh Creation: Creation of approximately 33,280 acres in the western portion of marsh in Biloxi Marsh from Oyster Bay to Drum Bay to create new wetland habitat, restore degraded marsh, and reduce wave erosion.	\$3,046M	001.MC.09

		CV	VPPRA
Project Type	Project Name	Project Costs	Project No.
Marsh Creation	Golden Triangle Marsh Creation: Creation of approximately 2,440 acres of marsh in the Golden Triangle area to create new wetland habitat, restore degraded marsh, and reduce wave erosion.	\$293M	001.MC.13
Oyster Barrier Reef	Biloxi Marsh Oyster Reef: Creation of approximately 113,000 feet of oyster barrier reef along the eastern shore of Biloxi Marsh to provide oyster habitat, reduce wave erosion, and prevent further marsh degradation.	\$83M	001.OR.01a
Ridge Restoration	Bayou LaLoutre Ridge Restoration: Restoration of approximately 117,000 feet (270 acres) of historic ridge along Bayou LaLoutre to provide coastal upland habitat, restore natural hydrology, and provide wave and storm surge attenuation.	\$61M	001.RC.01
Sediment Diversion	Central Wetlands Diversion (5,000 cfs): Sediment diversion into Central Wetlands in the vicinity of Violet to provide sediment for emergent marsh creation and nutrients to sustain existing wetlands, 5,000 cfs capacity (modeled at 5,000 cfs when Mississippi River flow exceeds 200,000 cfs and no operation for river flows below 200,000 cfs).	\$189M	001.DI.18
Sediment Diversion	West Maurepas Diversion (5,000 cfs): Diversion(s) into western Maurepas Swamp in the vicinity of Convent/Blind River or Hope Canal to sustain existing bald cypress-tupelo swamp habitat, maximum capacity 5,000 cfs (modeled at 5,000 cfs when Mississippi River flow exceeds 600,000 and at 500 cfs for river flows between 200,000-600,000 cfs).	\$127M	001.DI.29
Shoreline Protection	East New Orleans Landbridge Shoreline Protection: Shoreline protection through rock breakwaters of approximately 27,000 feet of coastal marsh on the east side of the New Orleans Landbridge in the vicinity of Alligator Bend to preserve shoreline integrity and reduce welland degradation from wave erosion.	\$44M	001.CO.03
Shoreline Protection	Manchac Landbridge Shoreline Protection: Protection of approximately 8,000 feet of Lake Pontchartrain shoreline north of Pass Manchac near Sinking Bayou through rock breakwaters to preserve shoreline integrity and reduce wetland degradation from wave erosion.	\$13M	001.SP.01

		CV	VPPRA
Project Type	Project Name	Project Costs	Project No.
Shoreline Protection	Eastern Lake Borgne Shoreline Protection: Shoreline protection through rock breakwaters of approximately 57,000 feet of the eastern shore of Lake Borgne from Mahleureux Point to the vicinity of Point aux Marchettes to preserve shoreline integrity and reduce wetland degradation from wave erosion.	\$85M	001.SP.03
Shoreline Protection	MRGO Shoreline Protection: Shoreline protection through rock breakwaters of approximately 133,000 feet of the north bank of the Mississippi River Gulf Outlet from the Inner Harbor Navigation Canal to Bayou La Loutre to preserve shoreline integrity and reduce wetland degradation from wave erosion.	\$195M	001.SP.04





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ATTENDANCE RECORD



DATE		
DATE	SPONSORING ORGANIZATION	LOCATION
February 2, 2017 10:00 A.M.	COASTAL WETLANDS PLANNING, PROTECTION AND RESTORATION ACT	USFWS SE LA Refuges Complex 61389 Hwy 434 Lacombe, LA 70445
PURPOSE	ETING OF THE REGIONAL PLANNING TEAM REGION I	& 2
	PARTICIPANT REGISTER JOB TITLE AND ORGANIZATION	PHONE NUMBER
David Danet	St Temmeny Perish	898-2442
Lonnie Fontenol	JESCO (minute-taker)	337-802-7508
ERIC ZOLLINGER	BILOY, MARSH LANDS CORP.	(504) 837-4337
Hope Borne	St. James Parish	(225) 542-2256
Mickey Roussee		221-201-8278
Jason Kroll	NOAA	2257575411
Brankon Ours	NO44 FRT	185-351-0357
Robert Spenzs	Plaquemines Parish CZM	504-491-1607
Actor James JI		
BARRY HEBERT	LOWF	885.765.0733
Sharon Osowshi	EPA	214-665-7504
michal Barting)	+ Marine CARDENS	504 430 890
Rob De laune	Digital Engineering	504-468-6129
Travis Byland	CPRA	225-342-6750
Greg Mattan	CURA	227 -342-4496
Wes LeBlanc	CPRA	225 342 - 4127
Quin Kinler	NRCS	225-665-425
Cendy Staye	NRCS	" xt
An Bourtany	NRCS	337 291-3067
KICHAAD LEONI	THE PES	504-377-9706
Ohris Cumon	Living Blanket	504-732-7000
Bla: Se Petold	LDAF CRVP	504-264-8125

LMV FORM 583-R JAN 88



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February 2, 2017 10:00 A.M.	COASTAL WETLANDS PLANNING, PROTECTION AND RESTORATION ACT	USFWS SE LA Refuges Complex 61389 Hwy 434 Lacombe, LA 70445
PURPOSE MEE	TING OF THE REGIONAL PLANNING TEAM REGION I &	τ 2
	PARTICIPANT REGISTER	
NAME	JOB TITLE AND ORGANIZATION	PHONE NUMBER
Charles Sasser	LSU	2255786375
Cody Colvin	NRCS	225-278-2732
Types Oltop	Coastar Resilience Grand	225-372-557
Robert Datos	FWS	337-291-3127
Tub Chatwood	NOAA/NMES	2253390502
Dank Pavis	NORH (NMFS	225 389 0508
Fracy Kuhns	Go Fish Coalition	504-289-7162
JOHNI VLANIG	SBPG COastal Ares.	504 579 - 217
mer Geonen Runs	SBPG COASTAL COMSULTANT SLC	985-670-292
Serry Graves	casultant, SBPG	(Say) 343 404
Frelyn Campo	St. Jon the Baptist Planning	(504) 579-610
Shane Granier	Biologist LDWF	504 284 526
Amanda Voisin	Laburche Parish Gov'+	985-493-661
John Boatman	NRCS	985-331-9084
PATRick Wiching	NOM FISHERIES	225-389-0508
Carol Giardini	LCCA	504 331532
KENNETH RAGA.	PLAQ. PARISIT LANDOUNOL	504-309-665
Jason Smith	Jofferson Parish	504731-4612
Seams Rilar	Jeffenson Parish	504-731-4612
Ron HARPER	New Orlean 3	504-658-4071
Amanda Phillip	Scc. Trea. Edward Wisner Donation	n 504.210.1152
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ATTENDANCE RECORD



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PURPOSE MEE	TING OF THE REGIONAL PLANNING TEAM REGION I &	c 2
	PARTICIPANT REGISTER	
NAME	JOB TITLE AND ORGANIZATION	PHONE NUMBER
AdrianChaverais	EPA	214665-3103

REGION 1 – PONTCHARTRAIN BASIN

Project Number	Project Proposals
R1-PO-01	Bayou Bienvenue Marsh Creation Increment 1
R1-PO-02	Guste Island Marsh Creation
R1-PO-03	Point aux Marchettes Shoreline Protection and Terracing
R1-PO-04	Cane Bayou Marsh Creation
R1-PO-05	East LaBranche Shoreline Protection
R1-PO	Tchefuncte River Area, Wooded Island Protection, Peninsula Replacement, and Marsh Restoration
	(Not Consistent with 2012 or draft 2017 State Master Plans)
R1-PO	Southwestern Lake Pontchartrain Shoreline Protection/Marsh Creation
	(Not Consistent with 2012 or draft 2017 State Master Plans)

R1-PO-01

Bayou Bienvenue Marsh Creation Increment 1

PPL27 PROJECT FACT SHEET February 2, 2017

Project Name

Bayou Bienvenue Marsh Creation Increment 1

Master Plan Strategy

Central Wetlands Marsh Creation-Component A (2012/2017 Master Plan 001.MC.08a). Creation of approximately 2,010 acres of marsh in Central Wetlands near Bayou Bienvenue, restore degraded marsh, and reduce wave erosion.

Project Location

Region 1, Pontchartrain Basin, Orleans Parish, in the area east of the Inner Harbor Navigation Canal, adjacent to St. Bernard Parish and north of the Lower 9th Ward area of New Orleans.

Problem

Over the past decades, the wetlands and wetland function in the area have been lost because of altered hydrology due to impoundment, subsidence, and saltwater intrusion. The area was heavily impacted by the construction of the MRGO in the 1960's. The majority of the area is shallow open water, littered by cypress snags and stumps.

Goals

The goal of this project is to create/nourish marsh in one of several cells adjacent to Bayou Bienvenue using sediment mined from the Mississippi River. Specific goals include: 1) restoration of approximately 350 acres of open water into emergent marsh; 2) restoration of the historic bankline along Bayou Bienvenue; and 3) planning for the next phase(s) of marsh creation. The preferred initial increment for this project, depending on borrow source, is cell 1 on the attached map, with other increments envisioned for later PPLs.

Proposed Solution

Mississippi River sediment will be used to create/nourish emergent marsh in the triangular-shaped area adjacent to the headwaters of Bayou Bienvenue. The project would benefit 350 acres of wetlands by converting open water into marsh and nourishing existing marsh remnants. A total of 276 net acres of wetlands would be protected and created over the 20-year project life. The visibility of the project, due to its location, lends itself to educational and outreach opportunities. Florida Avenue in the Lower Ninth Ward is south of the project area. A community coalition, restorethebayou.org, is very interested in the area. Restoration in this area would build the area's defenses against hurricanes and flooding and offer opportunities for public recreation and wildlife habitat.

Preliminary Project Benefits

Approximately 276 acres of habitat will be protected/created over the 20-year project life and would help protect and restore a portion of the Bayou Bienvenue Marsh. The proposed project also works synergistically with the approved CIAP Central Wetlands Assimilation Project.

Project Costs

The estimated construction cost including 25% contingency is \$26M. The fully-funded cost range is \$30-\$35 million.

Preparers of Fact Sheet

Adrian Chavarria, EPA; (214) 665-3103, chavarria.adrian@epa.gov Sharon Osowski, Ph.D., EPA; (214) 665-7506, osowski.sharon@epa.gov



























Bayou Bienvenue Marsh Creation Increment 1

- Create/nourish 350 acres of marsh
- Preliminary project benefits:
 - 276 net acres over 20 years
- Several alternatives available
 - Final alignment depends on borrow site and local preference
 - Clean sediment from Mississippi River
 - Preliminary Construction Costs +25% = \$26 million
 - Fully funded range is \$30M-\$35M



R1-PO-02

Guste Island Marsh Creation

PO-02

PPL27 PROJECT FACT SHEET February 2, 2017

Project Name Guste Island Marsh Creation Project

Master Plan Strategy

Guste Island Marsh Creation (2017 Master Plan 001.MC.108): Creation of approximately 700 acres of marsh in St. Tammany Parish along the northwest Lake Pontchartrain shoreline to create new wetland habitat and restore degraded marsh.

Project Location

Region 1, Pontchartrain Basin, St. Tammany Parish

Problem

The project area is a shallow open body of water located east of the Tchefuncte River near the Tangipahoa and St. Tammany Parish border. The property was used for livestock grazing. A levee and canal system with pumps kept the property from flooding. The agricultural activity and construction of levees for drainage resulted in substantial land loss in the Guste Island area. With an increase in tidal exchange due to increased land loss and increased wind driven fetch, land located north of this site is deteriorating quickly.

Proposed Solution

Sediment dredged from Lake Pontchartrain will be used to create emergent marsh in 3 semiconfined cells within the Guste Island area. The project would benefit approximately 436 acres of wetlands by converting open water into marsh and nourishing existing marsh remnants. Restoration in this area would build the area's defenses against hurricanes and flooding and offer opportunities for public recreation and wildlife habitat.

Project Goals

Create/nourish approximately 436 acres of brackish marsh using sediment dredged from the Lake Pontchartrain

Project Costs

The preliminary project cost estimate with 25% contingency is \$23 million. The fully funded range is \$25M - \$30M.

Preparer(s) of Fact Sheet:

Adrian Chavarria, EPA; (214) 665-3103; chavarria.adrian@epa.gov Sharon L. Osowski, Ph.D.; EPA; (214) 665-7506; osowski.sharon@epa.gov David Brunet, St. Tammany Parish; (985) 898-2552; dpbrunet@stpgov.org







Guste Island Land Loss Issues















Guste Island Marsh Creation Project





- Creates approximately 436 acres of marsh
- Protects nearby housing developments and freeway
- Sustainable marsh after 30 years
- Achieves St. Tammany Restoration Goal of 100%
- Project 001.MC.108 in 2017 Draft Master Plan

Guste Island Marsh Creation Project

- Works synergistically with other projects
- Creates wetland habitat
- Total estimated project costs (with 25% contingency) = \$24M





R1-PO-03

Point aux Marchettes Shoreline Protection and Terracing

PPL27 PROJECT NOMINEE FACT SHEET February 2, 2017

Project Name: Points aux Marchettes Shoreline Protection

Project Location:

Region 1, Pontchartrain Basin, St. Bernard Parish, Lake Borgne and Biloxi Marshes

Problem:

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Historic wetland loss in the area was caused mainly by shoreline erosion. Based on the hypertemporal analysis conducted by USGS to detect land change trends from 1985 to 2016, the interior loss rate for the Biloxi Marsh area was calculated to be 0.53 %/yr. Using maps from 1998 and 2013, Lake Borgne shoreline erosion rates were calculated along the Biloxi Marshes Wildlife Management Area (specifically in the vicinity of Point aux Marchettes). Shoreline erosion rates in that area ranged from 10 ft./yr. to 90 ft./yr. A 30,000 LF section of shoreline was estimated to have an average erosion rate of 26 ft./yr. It is estimated that without the project there would be over 260 acres lost due to shoreline erosion.

Goals:

The project goals are to 1) protect approximately 30,000 feet of critical shoreline, 2) protect approximately 260 acres of highly productive brackish marsh habitat, and 3) create 7,000 LF of terraces (3 acres of marsh).

Service goals include the creation of habitat or improvement of habitat for rare species, species of concern, and threatened and endangered species. The creation of brackish intertidal marsh habitat would be beneficial to several species that are currently on the lists of rare species and species of concern. These include, but are not limited to Least Bittern, Black Rail, Mottled Duck, Brown Pelican, King Rail, Louisiana Eyed Silkmoth and Saltwater topminnow.

Proposed Solutions:

The proposed project would: 1) Construct approximately 30,000 LF of rock revetment along the Lake Borgne shoreline. Rock would be placed on geocloth and stacked to a settled height of +2.5. In critical interior areas, 7,000 LF of terraces would be constructed to help slow the erosion along the marsh ponds due to wind induced waves. Hopefully this would also slow the scouring action of the tidal pulses.

Preliminary Project Benefits:

1) What is the total acreage benefited both directly and indirectly? Approximately 363 acres would be benefited directly.

2) How many acres of wetlands will be protected/created over the project life? The total net acres protected/created over the project life would be approximately 263 acres of marsh from shoreline protection and terraces.

3) What is the anticipated loss rate reduction throughout the area of direct benefits over the project life (<25%, 25-49%, 50-74% and >75%). Loss rate reduction should be >75%.

4) Do any project features maintain or restore structural components of the coastal ecosystem such as barrier islands, natural or artificial levee ridges, beach and lake rims, cheniers, etc.
Installing shoreline protection would protect much of the Lake Borgne shoreline abutting the Biloxi Marshes Wildlife Management Area. The shoreline protection would also protect the natural ridges along a portion of Lake Shore Bayou, Bayou Grande as well as other smaller bayou ridges in the area.

T

5) What is the net impact of the project on critical and non-critical infrastructure? None.

6) To what extent does the project provide a synergistic effect with other approved and/or *constructed restoration projects*? This project would work synergistically with the existing CIAP project and CWPPRA PO-30 project.

Identification of Potential Issues:

The proposed project has the following potential issues: there may be pipelines in the project area and Lake Borgne is considered Atlantic Sturgeon Critical Habitat.

Preliminary Construction Costs:

The estimated construction cost including 25% contingency is \$18 M.

Preparer(s) of Fact Sheet:

Robert Dubois (337) 291-3127 robert_dubois@fws.gov







Point aux Marchettes Shoreline Protection

Problem:

- Since 1998, shoreline erosion has destroyed as much as 600 acres along the Lake Borgne shoreline within the project area.
- Project area shoreline erosion rates has been estimated at 26 ft./yr. with erosion rates ranging from 10 ft./yr. to over 90 ft./yr. in several areas.
- The are several natural ridges along several bayous (Lake Shore Bayou and Bayou Grande) that are in jeopardy of being destroyed.
- Since 2005, the interior marshes have been experiencing an increase in marsh loss due to the increase in hydraulic connection with Lake Borgne.
- Project area was included in the 2012 State Master Plan but has been excluded from the 2017 State Master Plan. Potentially limiting this project to be nominated in <u>any</u> future restoration efforts.







POINT AUX MARCHETTES SHORELINE PROTECTION

Solution:

- Construct approximately 30,000 feet of shoreline protection . We are suggesting rock revetment placed on geotech material and stacked to a height of +2.5. This could be articulating concrete mats.
- Construct 7,000 lf or more of terraces (3 acres of marsh) to help protect interior marshes from increased wave action and tidal scouring.

POINT AUX MARCHETTES SHORELINE PROTECTION

Goals:

- Protect nearly 30,000 ft. of critical shoreline with rock revetment along the Lake Borgne shoreline.
- Create 7,000 lf of terraces equaling 3 acres of marsh.

Net Acres:

• The total net acres is 263 acres

Potential Issues:

• Lake Borgne is designated as Atlantic Sturgeon Critical Habitat.

Preliminary Construction Costs

• The estimated construction cost plus 25% contingency \$18.3M.

Species of Concern and Rare Species

- Least Bittern
- Black Rail
- Mottled Duck
- Saltmarsh topminnow
- Brown Pelican
- Louisiana Eyed Silkmoth
- King Rail
- Bald Eagle

R1-PO-04

Bayou Cane Marsh Creation

PO-04

PPL27 PROJECT NOMINEE FACT SHEET February2, 2017

Project Name:

Bayou Cane Marsh Creation Project

Project Location:

This project is located in Region 1, Upper Pontchartrain Basin, St. Tammany Parish, between Mandeville and Lacombe. The majority of the project would be located property owned by either the State of Louisiana (Fontainebleau State Park) or the Big Branch National Wildlife Refuge.

Problem:

In 2005, the marshes in the North Shore Mapping Unit sustained severe damage due to Hurricane Katrina. Hundreds of acres of emergent marsh within this mapping unit lost the top 12-15 inches of material and the result was hundreds of acres of shallow open water. USGS calculated a 1985 – 2016 area loss rate of -0.46 % per year. Currently there is one area along the shoreline that looks as if a breach is forming. This area also has a small pond immediately behind the critical shoreline. If there were a breach in this area it would allow direct connection between the fresher interior marshes and higher salinity waters of Lake Pontchartrain.

Goals:

The overall goal of this project is to restore marshes that were lost and/or damaged due to the effects of Hurricane Katrina. Restoring the marshes should reduce salinity effects on interior emergent marshes.

Specific Project Goals: 1) Create 420 acres of intertidal emergent marsh in shallow open water and nourish and additional 160 acres of fragmented and/or low marsh within the project area.

Proposed Solutions:

The proposed features of this project consists of filling approximately 420 acres of shallow open water and nourish an additional 160 acres with material hydraulically dredged from Lake Pontchartrain. Target settled marsh elevation would be +1.2 NAVD 88, but will ultimately correspond to surrounding healthy marsh.

Temporary containment dikes would be constructed around each marsh creation/nourishment site to retain the dredged slurry. Containment dikes located adjacent to naturally occurring marshes or small interior ponds would be sufficiently gapped within 3 years of construction to allow for greater tidal and estuarine organism access. This project will work synergistically with the recently constructed Goose Point Marsh Creation project and the Bayou Bonfouca project which is currently under construction.

Preliminary Project Benefits:

1) *What is the total acreage benefited both directly and indirectly*? Direct benefits would be the 580 acres created/nourished.

2) *How many acres of wetlands will be protected/created over the project life?* There would be approximately 545 net acres of marsh at Target Year 20.

3) What is the anticipated loss rate reduction throughout the area of direct benefits over the project life (<25%, 25-49%, 50-74% and >75%)? Interior loss rates would be reduced by 50% to 74%.

4) Do any project features maintain or restore structural components of the coastal ecosystem such as barrier islands, natural or artificial levee ridges, beach and lake rims, cheniers, etc? This project would help maintain portions of the north rim of Lake Pontchartrain.

5) What is the net impact of the project on critical and non-critical infrastructure? This project would have a net positive impact on critical infrastructure through the protection of numerous homes and businesses north of the project area.

6) To what extent does the project provide a synergistic effect with other approved and/or constructed restoration projects? This project would work synergistically with the Goose Point project (PO-33) and the Bayou Bonfouca Marsh Creation project (PO-104) currently under construction.

Identification of Potential Issues:

The borrow sites in Lake Pontchartrain are located within Gulf sturgeon critical habitat.

Preliminary Construction Costs:

The estimated construction cost including 25% contingency is \$22 M.

Preparer(s) of Fact Sheet:

Robert Dubois, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 337-291-3127 <u>Robert_Dubois@fws.gov</u> David Brunet, St. Tammany Parish Coastal Zone Administrator, 985-809-7448 <u>dpbrunet@stpgov.org</u>



2/1/2017





CANE BAYOU

MARSH CREATION

Problem:

- The project area was relatively stable until 2005 when Hurricane Katrina caused severe damage and accelerated the loss rate.
- Since 2005, the interior marshes have been experiencing an increase in marsh loss due to the increase in hydraulic connection with Lake Pontchartrain
- Imminent breaching on the western cell



CANE BAYOU

MARSH CREATION

Solution:

• Create 420 acres of marsh with material hydraulically dredged from Lake Pontchartrain water bottoms. There would also be 160 acres of fragmented marsh that would be nourished in the same manner. The sediment would be contained with existing marsh and earthen containment dikes where necessary. This marsh would be constructed to a height of +1.2 ft. NAVD 88. Containment dikes would be gapped at or before TY3.

CANE BAYOU MARSH CREATION

Goals:

- Create 420 acres of marsh with material dredged from Lake Pontchartrain
- Nourish 160 acres of marsh with material dredged from Lake Pontchartrain.

Net Acres:

• The total net acres is 545 acres

Potential Issues:

• The borrow site would be located in an area of Lake Pontchartrain that is designated as Atlantic Sturgeon Critical Habitat.

Preliminary Construction Costs

• The estimated construction cost plus 25% contingency \$22M.

Species of Concern and Rare Species

- Least Bittern
- Black Rail
- Mottled Duck
- Saltmarsh topminnow
- Brown Pelican
- Louisiana Eyed Silkmoth
- King Rail
- Bald Eagle

R1-PO-05

East LaBranche Shoreline Protection

PPL27 PROJECT FACT SHEET February 2, 2017

0-05

Project Name

East Labranche Shoreline Protection Project

Master Plan Strategy Master Plan 2017: Project No. 001.SP.104 Labranche Wetlands Shoreline Protection

Project Location

Region 1, Pontchatrain Basin, St. Charles Parish

Problem: The Labranche Wetlands serve as not only a crucial coastal marsh wetland in St. Charles Parish, but also as a protective barrier Lake Pontchatrain and crucial infrastructure in the parish including I-10, LA HWY 61, and multiple levee systems. The majority of the Labranche Wetlands has shoreline protection along the Lake; however, the Eastern portion near the St. Charles line remains unprotected. This shoreline has retreated 200 to 1200 lf in the last 18 years, which equates to about 130 acres of marsh.

Goal: The goal of this project is to establish a protective barrier between the current shoreline and Lake Pontchatrain by installing a foreshore rock dike. Access dredge material would be used beneficially to restore marsh that has been lost.

Proposed Solutions: The project will install 12,800 linear feet of shoreline protection using a rock riprap with a light weight aggregate core. Site evaluations and E&D have already been completed by Moffatt and Nichol for the Pontchatrain Levee District. This information will reduce a large portion of the Phase 1 E&D costs.

Preliminary Project Benefits: The project will create 12,800 lf of shoreline protection reducing the current loss rate of shoreline which is anywhere from 12 ft/year to 60 ft/year. Use of the access dredged material will create approximately 24 acres of marsh.

Identification of Potential Issues: There are no potential issues anticipated with this proposed project.

Preliminary Construction Costs: The estimated construction cost with contingency is approximately \$20 million.

Preparer(s) of Fact Sheet: Cody Colvin, <u>cody.colvin@la.usda.gov</u> (225) 665-4253















R1-PO

Tchefuncte River Area, Wooded Island Protection, Peninsula Replacement, and Marsh Restoration

(Not Consistent with 2012 or draft 2017 State Master Plans)

Tchefuncte River Area, Wooded Island Protection, Peninsula Replacement, and Marsh Restoration

Developed by a coalition of concern citizens associated with the LPBMM and TRF organized to support the **Town of Madisonville**

Project Facts

- Land/Marsh Created on Peninsula- 188 Acres
- Marsh Restored/Nourished on east side of river- 35 Acres
- Land Protected in Wooded Area 7 Acres
- Marsh/Land Accretion on west side of river (on north shoreline) 37 Acres
- Marsh Protected 4,000 Acres
- Restores Peninsula Destroyed by Logging Era Activity





Tchefuncte River Area Project will be a "Highly Visible Project" of great value and significance to the community









Tchefuncte River Area, Wooded Island Protection, Peninsula Replacement, and Marsh Restoration • Phase 1 – Wooded Island Protection Perimeter Bulkhead and Access • • Land Accretion and Breakwater Structure · Protects existing marsh, woodlands, and structures from further destruction • Phase 2 – Peninsula Replacement Emergency Breakwater Rock Installation • Peninsula Perimeter Construction with living shoreline protection techniques including fill with available river sediment on lake bottom Construction of Spring-fed Estuary Peninsula Vegetation installation Phase 3 – Marsh Restoration – East River Bank Shoreline and Beach • Placement of channel area river sediment on existing marsh to elevate and restore segment with beneficial use of dredged spoil Phase 4 – Marsh Restoration West River Bank, North Lake Shoreline Placement of Land Accretion Structures according to the • flow and sediment changes resulting from previous phases









Wooded Island in the Marsh (2016 Photo) and now at peril from unprotected shoreline

Project already designed and permitted – READY to BID and START.

























- The phase 2 area shown is a general area only. The final area and shape will be determined after further investigation of the shape and foot print of the original peninsula from site information
- The south and southeast facing shorelines will be shaped both in profile and direction with consideration for wave dampening during prevailing winds
- Western facing end will also be shaped to prevent wave action from further battering the mainland shoreline













- Segment of the designated area will be identified to provide the most useful material base for soil deposited on existing vegetation with spray dredged techniques
- Soil will be selected from the existing river sediments that offer the best alluvial foundation for existing and future vegetation. Several channels near the site have deposited soft soils that can provide the material
- Additionally, river channel sediment of sand will be located and deposited on the shoreline and beach area to restore the original topography as shown in earlier photos



Timeline:

Phase 1 Designed and Permitted. Immediately available for construction and completion in 2017

Phase 2 Engineering, design, and permitting commencing upon funding in 2017, Construction 2018

Phase 3 Engineering, design, and permitting commencing upon funding in 2017, Construction 2019

Phase 4 Engineering, design and permitting commencing upon funding in 2018, construction 2019-2020

Information disclaimer:

- Phase 1 is complete including engineering and ready for construction.
- All information provided herein is for budget and developmental purposes.
- Pricing, quantities, final construction techniques, and all related aspects are subject to final engineering verification and approval.

In Closing: There Has Been an Evolution of Purpose "Save the beach" by TRF Secured Land Attempted beach replacement Completed river salvage and clean up Focus on shoreline protection hard surface Expand to flooding protection Adopted living shoreline systems for longevity of the project "Save the wooded land for lighthouse" by LPBMM (the lighthouse saved the wooded land) Armor the shoreline protecting the wooded area for woodlands, marsh and land retention Provide emergency protection for existing marsh island Commence shoreline area land accretion Consolidated Projects for common purpose under the Town of Madisonville and Mayor Jean Pelloat to protect the wooded island, restore peninsula, nourish existing marsh, and correct the hydraulic flow







R1-PO

Southwestern Lake Pontchartrain Shoreline Protection/Marsh Creation

(Not Consistent with 2012 or draft 2017 State Master Plans)

FACT SHEET

XXXXXXXXX

SOUTHWESTERN LAKE PONTCHARTRAIN SHORELINE PROTECTION/MARSH CREATION

The objective of this project is to reclaim marsh and restore the southwestern Lake Pontchartrain shoreline to its 1915 location. The shoreline has retreated 1,000 feet from its historical location in 1915. A concept has been developed for shoreline protection and marsh creation on the southwestern shoreline of Lake Pontchartrain in St. John the Baptist Parish. The project includes the design and construction of a rock breakwater along approximately 11,500 feet (2.2 miles) of shoreline from the St. Charles Parish Line to Peavine Road which will harden the shoreline and prevent shoreline retreat; and conversion of 264 acres from open water into marsh using dredged material from a borrow area within Lake Pontchartrain. This project will provide a much needed storm surge buffer between Lake Pontchartrain and LaPlace which was flooded by storm surge during Hurricane Isaac in 2012, which shut down the water distribution system and Interstate 10 for several days.



Project Goals

- Protect and maintain the existing shoreline
- Convert approximately 264 acres of open water to new marsh

Project Location

Pontchartrain Basin, St. John the Baptist Parish

Project Status

Planning Phase utilizing RESTORE Act Funding

Project Type

- Shoreline Protection
- Marsh Creation

Project Cost

\$24,821,021



LAKE PONTCHARTRAIN SHORELINE PROTECTION/ MARSH CREATION



PROJECT GOALS

- Protect and maintain the existing shoreline through the construction of approximately 11,500 feet of segmented rock breakwaters
- 2. Convert approximately 264 acres of open water to new marsh



HISTORICAL SHORELINE RETREAT

1915

2016



PROPOSED PROJECT



BENEFITTED WETLAND AND COMMUNITIES AREAS



COST ESTIMATE

COST ESTIMATE FOR LAKE PONTCHARTRAIN SHORELINE PROTECTION/MARSH CREATION PROJECT					
REF. NO.	Item Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Total Price
1	Mobilization and Demobilization	1	LS	\$370,000.00	\$370,000.00
2	Rip-rap R1500	15,137	TON	\$59.00	\$893,083.00
3	Rip-Rap R650	21,020	TON	\$53.00	\$1,114,060.00
4	#57 Stone (6" thick)	2,200	TON	\$55.00	\$121,000.00
5	Geogrid	10,542	SY	\$4.00	\$42,168.00
6	Geotextile	10,542	SY	\$5.00	\$52,710.00
7	Construction Surveys	1	LS	\$300,000.00	\$300,000.00
8	Flotation Channel	69,000	CY	\$10.00	\$690,000.00
9	Marine Hazard Markers (Every 1000 ft)	12	EA	\$4,000.00	\$48,000.00
10	Earthen Containment Dikes	1,200	LF	\$55.00	\$66,000.00
11	Marsh Creation Hydraulic Dredging	264	AC	\$80,000.00	\$21,120,000.00
12	Settlement Plates	6	EA	\$4,000.00	\$24,000.00

Total:

\$24,821,021.00